

# County of San Diego

## **DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC WORKS**

JOHN L. SNYDER DIRECTOR

5555 OVERLAND AVE, SUITE 2188 SAN DIEGO, CALIFORNIA 92123-1295

(858) 694-2212 FAX: (858) 268-0461 Web Site: www.sdcounty.ca.gov/dpw/

July 17, 2009

CEQA Initial Study - Environmental Checklist Form (Based on the State CEQA Guidelines, Appendix G Rev. 10/04)

1. Title: Project Number(s); Environmental Log Number:

Lawson Valley Bridge Replacement Project, 1005222

- Lead agency name and address:
   County of San Diego, Department of Public Works
   5469 Kearny Villa Road, Suite 305
   San Diego, CA 92123-1666
- 3. a. Contact Tom Duffy, Environmental Planning Manager
  - b. Phone number: (858) 874-4039
  - c. E-mail: Thomas.Duffy@sdcounty.ca.gov.
- 4. Project location:

The project is located on Lawson Valley Road, 4.1 miles east of the intersection of Lawson Valley Road and Skyline Truck Trail, between Selva Road and Montiel Truck Trail (private roads), in the unincorporated community of Jamul in east San Diego County. The proposed bridge will cross over Lawson Creek East. The project site is within the United States Geological Survey (USGS) Alpine Quadrangle, NE 1/4 of Section 28, Township 1 South, Range 2 East.

Thomas Brothers Coordinates: Page 1274, Grid A/3

5. Project Applicant name and address:

County of San Diego, Department of Public Works Capital Improvement Project Development 5555 Overland Drive, M.S. O384 San Diego, CA 92123

6. General Plan Designation

Community Plan: Jamul-Dulzura

Land Use Designation: N/A
Density: N/A

7. Zoning

Use Regulation: A-72 General Agriculture

Minimum Lot Size: 8 acre(s)
Special Area Regulation: None

# 8. Description of project:

The proposed project is for the replacement of the Lawson Valley Bridge that crosses over Lawson Valley Creek, in the unincorporated community of Jamul in the east San Diego County. Replacement of the bridge is required because the bridge has been classified as structurally deficient and currently has braced abutments. The replacement bridge will be single span, with a cast-in-place, post-tensioned, concrete slab superstructure with seat-type abutments on spread footings. The proposed bridge, approximately 62 feet long and 32 feet 8 inches wide, will accommodate two lanes of traffic. Project construction will require the realignment of Lawson Valley Road both horizontally and vertically to align with the wider, higher proposed bridge. The bridge is designed to accommodate the high water surface elevation for a 100-year storm event.

Several mature oak trees are located within or immediately adjacent to proposed fill slopes. Small retaining walls will be placed within the fill slopes in order to protect existing mature coast live oak trees. The proposed retaining walls will require little or no excavation (depending on location with respect to an existing archaeological site) and will utilize permeable backfill in order to minimize impacts to the root systems of the oak trees.

The project includes a three-foot parkway on either side of the road that will remain unvegetated. Areas outside the three-foot parkway will be revegetated following completion of the project.

Three connecting driveways within the project area will be improved in order to accommodate the new alignment of Lawson Valley Road.

The project will be constructed in phases to avoid impacts to biological and archaeological resources that would result from the construction of a temporary detour road. Phase I includes demolition of the southern (upstream) portion of the existing bridge and roadway. Phase II includes construction of the southern portion of the replacement bridge followed by demolition of the northern (downstream) portion of the existing bridge and roadway. Phase III includes construction of the northern portion of the replacement bridge and completion of the bridge structure and roadway. One lane on the bridge will be kept open to traffic during construction which is scheduled to take approximately 18 months.

- 9. Surrounding land uses and setting (Briefly describe the project's surroundings):
  - Lands uses surrounding the project site are rural residential. The topography of the project site and adjacent land is composed of rolling hills of chamise chaparral and valleys of coast live oak riparian forest dissected by creeks and rivers. According to December 2008 vegetation community surveys, the PIA supports 0.50 acre of coast live oak riparian forest, 0.04 acre of southern willow scrub, 0.02 acre of southern mixed chaparral, and 0.16 acre of non-native grassland habitat. Lawson Valley Creek runs through the study area.
- 10. Other public agencies whose approval is required (e.g., permits, financing approval, or participation agreement):

Permit Type/Action	Agency
401 Permit – Clean Water Quality	Regional Water Quality Control Board
Certification	(RWQCB)
404 Permit – Nationwide Permit	US Army Corps of Engineers (ACOE)
1603 – Streambed Alteration Agreement	CA Department of Fish and Game
	(CDFG)

**ENVIRONMENTAL FACTORS POTENTIALLY AFFECTED:** The environmental factors checked below would be potentially affected by this project and involve at least one impact that is a "Potentially Significant Impact" or a "Less Than Significant With Mitigation Incorporated," as indicated by the checklist on the following pages. ☐ Aesthetics ☐ Agricultural Resources ☐ Air Quality ☑ Biological Resources ☑ Cultural Resources ☐ Geology & Soils ☐ Hydrology & Water Quality ☐ Hazards & Haz. Materials ☐ Land Use & Planning ☐ Mineral Resources ☐ Noise ☐ Population & Housing ☐ Transportation/Traffic ☐ Public Services ☐ Recreation ☐ Utilities & Service Systems ☐ Mandatory Findings of Significance **DETERMINATION:** (To be completed by the Lead Agency) On the basis of this initial evaluation: On the basis of this Initial Study, the Department of Public Works finds that the proposed project COULD NOT have a significant effect on the environment, and a NEGATIVE DECLARATION will be prepared. M On the basis of this Initial Study, the Department of Public Works finds that although the proposed project could have a significant effect on the environment, there will not be a significant effect in this case because revisions in the project have been made by or agreed to by the project proponent. A MITIGATED NEGATIVE DECLARATION will be prepared. On the basis of this Initial Study, the Department of Public Works finds that the proposed project MAY have a significant effect on the environment, and an ENVIRONMENTAL IMPACT REPORT is required. July 17, 2009 Signature Date Tom Duffy Land Use/Environmental Planner **Printed Name** 

#### INSTRUCTIONS ON EVALUATION OF ENVIRONMENTAL IMPACTS

- 1. A brief explanation is required for all answers except "No Impact" answers that are adequately supported by the information sources a lead agency cites in the parentheses following each question. A "No Impact" answer is adequately supported if the referenced information sources show that the impact simply does not apply to projects like the one involved (e.g., the project falls outside a fault rupture zone). A "No Impact" answer should be explained where it is based on project-specific factors as well as general standards (e.g., the project will not expose sensitive receptors to pollutants, based on a project-specific screening analysis).
- 2. All answers must take account of the whole action involved, including off-site as well as on-site, cumulative as well as project-level, indirect as well as direct, and construction as well as operational impacts.
- 3. Once the lead agency has determined that a particular physical impact may occur, then the checklist answers must indicate whether the impact is potentially significant, Less Than Significant With Mitigation Incorporated, or less than significant. "Potentially Significant Impact" is appropriate if there is substantial evidence that an effect may be significant. If there are one or more "Potentially Significant Impact" entries when the determination is made, an EIR is required.
- 4. "Less Than Significant With Mitigation Incorporated" applies where the incorporation of mitigation measures has reduced an effect from "Potentially Significant Impact" to a "Less Than Significant Impact." The lead agency must describe the mitigation measures, and briefly explain how they reduce the effect to a less than significant level.
- 5. Earlier analyses may be used where, pursuant to the tiering, program EIR, or other CEQA process, an effect has been adequately analyzed in an earlier EIR or negative declaration. Section 15063(c)(3)(D). In this case, a brief discussion should identify the following:
  - a) Earlier Analysis Used. Identify and state where they are available for review.
  - b) Impacts Adequately Addressed. Identify which effects from the above checklist were within the scope of and adequately analyzed in an earlier document pursuant to applicable legal standards, and state whether such effects were addressed by mitigation measures based on the earlier analysis.
  - c) Mitigation Measures. For effects that are "Less Than Significant With Mitigation Incorporated," describe the mitigation measures that were incorporated or refined from the earlier document and the extent to which they address site-specific conditions for the project.
- 6. Lead agencies are encouraged to incorporate into the checklist references to information sources for potential impacts (e.g., general plans, zoning ordinances). Reference to a previously prepared or outside document should, where appropriate, include a reference to the page or pages where the statement is substantiated.
- 7. The explanation of each issue should identify:
  - a) The significance criteria or threshold, if any, used to evaluate each question; and
  - b) The mitigation measure identified, if any, to reduce the impact to less than significance

<ul><li>I. AESTHETICS Would the project:</li><li>a) Have a substantial adverse effect on a scenic vista?</li></ul>				
	Potentially Significant Impact Less Than Significant With Mitigation Incorporated		Less than Significant Impact No Impact	
Discus	sion/Explanation:			
A vista is a view from a particular location or composite views along a roadway or trail. Scenic vistas often refer to views of natural lands, but may also be compositions of natural and developed areas, or even entirely of developed and unnatural areas, such as a scenic vista of a rural town and surrounding agricultural lands. What is scenic to one person may not be scenic to another, so the assessment of what constitutes a scenic vista must consider the perceptions of a variety of viewer groups.				
The items that can be seen within a vista are visual resources. Adverse impacts to individual visual resources or the addition of structures or developed areas may or may not adversely affect the vista. Determining the level of impact to a scenic vista requires analyzing the changes to the vista as a whole and also to individual visual resources.				
<b>No Impact:</b> Based on a site visit by County staff Tom Duffy and Malia Durand on December 9, 2008 and a Visual Impact Assessment prepared by Estrada Land Planning, Inc (May 29, 2009), the proposed project is not located near or within, or visible from, a scenic vista and will not substantially change the composition of an existing scenic vista in a way that would adversely alter the visual quality or character of the view. Therefore, the proposed project will not have a substantial adverse effect on a scenic vista.				
b)	Substantially damage scenic resources, incoutcroppings, and historic buildings within a			
	Potentially Significant Impact		Less than Significant Impact	

# Discussion/Explanation:

Incorporated

Less Than Significant With Mitigation

State scenic highways refer to those highways that are officially designated by the California Department of Transportation (Caltrans) as scenic (Caltrans - California Scenic Highway Program). Generally, the area defined within a State scenic highway is the land adjacent to and visible from the vehicular right-of-way. The dimension of a scenic highway is usually identified using a motorist's line of vision, but a reasonable boundary is selected when the view extends to the distant horizon. The scenic highway corridor extends to the visual limits of the landscape abutting the scenic highway.

 $\overline{\mathbf{V}}$ 

No Impact

**No Impact:** The proposed project is not located near or visible within the composite viewshed of a State scenic highway and will not damage or remove visual resources within a State scenic highway. There are no roads within the study area designated as State Scenic Highways. Therefore, the proposed project will not have any substantial adverse effect on a scenic resource within a State scenic highway.

c)	Substantially degrade the existing visual character or quality of the site and its surroundings?			
	Potentially Significant Impact	$\overline{\square}$	Less than Significant Impact	
	Less Than Significant With Mitigation Incorporated		No Impact	
Discus	sion/Explanation:			
the rep plantin propos grassla enhand would	Than Significant Impact: As discussed in the placement bridge will result in minor changes g that will occur after construction is complete ed to blend the new construction with the adjund areas, and use of compatible materials a ce the visual quality of the disturbed areas of not substantially degrade the visual characte be less than significant.	to the ed. Est jacent nd cold the pro	visual quality of the area based on the tablishment of new plantings is natural riparian woodland and ors for engineering elements would oject. Therefore the proposed project	
remova	ld be noted that this bridge replacement project and disturbance of existing trees, and to proces, while addressing the safety and structure	eserve	e existing biological and archeological	
d)	Create a new source of substantial light or g nighttime views in the area?	ılare, w	hich would adversely affect day or	
	Potentially Significant Impact Less Than Significant With Mitigation Incorporated		Less than Significant Impact No Impact	
Discus	sion/Explanation:			
<b>No Impact:</b> The project does not propose any use of outdoor lighting or building materials with highly reflective properties such as highly reflective glass or high-gloss surface colors. Therefore, the project will not create any new sources of substantial light or glare which would adversely affect day or nighttime views in area.  II. AGRICULTURAL RESOURCES Would the project:				
a)	Convert Prime Farmland, Unique Farmland, Importance (Important Farmland), as shown Farmland Mapping and Monitoring Program other agricultural resources, to non-agricultural	on the	e maps prepared pursuant to the California Resources Agency, or	
	Potentially Significant Impact Less Than Significant With Mitigation Incorporated		Less than Significant Impact No Impact	

Discussion/Explanation:

**No Impact:** The project site does not contain any agricultural resources, lands designated as Prime Farmland, Unique Farmland, or Farmland of Statewide or Local Importance as shown on the maps prepared pursuant to the Farmland Mapping and Monitoring Program of the California

Resources Agency. Therefore, no agricultural resources including Prime Farmland, Unique

Farmla use.	and, or Farmland of Statewide or Local Impor	rtance	will be converted to a non-agricultural
b)	Conflict with existing zoning for agricultural	use, o	r a Williamson Act contract?
	Potentially Significant Impact Less Than Significant With Mitigation Incorporated		Less than Significant Impact No Impact
Discus	ssion/Explanation:		
zone, l existin Theref Act Co		oroject is not g zonir	only involves the replacement of an under a Williamson Act Contract.  ng for agricultural use, or a Williamson
c)	Involve other changes in the existing enviro could result in conversion of Important Farn agricultural use?		
	Potentially Significant Impact		Less than Significant Impact
	Less Than Significant With Mitigation Incorporated	$\overline{\mathbf{A}}$	No Impact
Discus	ssion/Explanation:		
any ad Farmla Farmla	pact: The project site and surrounding area etive agricultural operations or lands designat and of Statewide or Local Importance as sho and Mapping and Monitoring Program of the Farmland, Unique Farmland, Farmland of St	ed as wn on Califor	Prime Farmland, Unique Farmland, or the maps prepared pursuant to the rnia Resources Agency. Therefore, no

III. AIR QUALITY -- Where available, the significance criteria established by the applicable air quality management or air pollution control district may be relied upon to make the following determinations. Would the project:

agricultural operations will be converted to a non-agricultural use.

a)	Conflict with or obstruct implementation of the San Diego Regional Air Quality Strategy
	(RAQS) or applicable portions of the State Implementation Plan (SIP)?

Potentially Significant Impact	Less than Significant Impact
Less Than Significant With Mitigation Incorporated	No Impact

# Discussion/Explanation:

No Impact: Operation of the project will not result in increase of criteria pollutant emissions compared to the existing use of the subject area that was anticipated by the RAQS. The project will not emit toxic air contaminants as identified by the California Air Resources Board.

Therefore, the project will not conflict or obstruct with the implementation of the RAQS nor the SIP on a project or cumulative level.

011 01	a project or carrialative level.		
b)	Violate any air quality standard or contribut quality violation?	te subs	tantially to an existing or projected air
	Potentially Significant Impact Less Than Significant With Mitigation Incorporated		Less than Significant Impact No Impact
Discus	esion/Explanation:		
vehicle Diego signific screer level c (e.g. s result for em organi for the No Im create projec the pro	eral, air quality impacts from land use projects, and from short-term construction activities, and the context of the context	es asso G) has ontrol D NSR) ir demons emissic APCD d s), the Air Qua ate for eration lar trips operation any air	ciated with such projects. The San established guidelines for determining istrict's (SDAPCD) established in APCD Rule 20.2. These screeningstrate that a project's total emissions ons from mobile sources) would not oes not have screening-level criteria use of the screening level for reactive ality Management District (SCAQMD) the San Diego Air Basin) are used.  or activity that has the potential to a would result from the proposed ons associated with the construction of quality standard or contribute
c)	Result in a cumulatively considerable net in project region is non-attainment under an a standard (including releasing emissions who precursors)?	applical	ole federal or state ambient air quality
	Potentially Significant Impact Less Than Significant With Mitigation Incorporated		Less than Significant Impact No Impact

# Discussion/Explanation:

San Diego County is presently in non-attainment for the 1-hour concentrations under the California Ambient Air Quality Standard (CAAQS) for Ozone ( $O_3$ ). San Diego County is also presently in non-attainment for the annual geometric mean and for the 24-hour concentrations of Particulate Matter less than or equal to 10 microns ( $PM_{10}$ ) under the CAAQS.  $O_3$  is formed when volatile organic compounds (VOCs) and nitrogen oxides ( $NO_x$ ) react in the presence of sunlight. VOC sources include any source that burns fuels (e.g., gasoline, natural gas, wood, oil); solvents; petroleum processing and storage; and pesticides. Sources of  $PM_{10}$  in both urban and rural areas include: motor vehicles, wood burning stoves and fireplaces, dust from construction, landfills, agriculture, wildfires, brush/waste burning, and industrial sources of windblown dust from open lands.

Potentially Significant Impact

Less Than Significant With Mitigation

Less than Significant Impact

No Impact

**No Impact:** The project does not propose any construction and/or operation that have the potential to emit any criteria air pollutants. Furthermore, there are no substantial grading operations associated with the construction of the project. Therefore, the project will not result in a cumulatively considerable net increase of PM<sub>10</sub>, or any O<sub>3</sub> precursors.

d) Expose sensitive receptors to substantial pollutant concentrations?

 $\overline{\mathbf{A}}$ 

Discussion/Explanation:

Incorporated

Air quality regulators typically define sensitive receptors as schools (Preschool-12<sup>th</sup> Grade), hospitals, resident care facilities, or day-care centers, or other facilities that may house individuals with health conditions that would be adversely impacted by changes in air quality. The County of San Diego also considers residences as sensitive receptors since they house children and the elderly

**No Impact:** Based a site visit conducted by Tom Duffy and Malia Durand on December 9, 2008, sensitive receptors and point sources of toxic emissions have not been identified within a quarter-mile (the radius determined by the SCAQMD in which the dilution of pollutants is typically significant) of the proposed project. Furthermore, no point-source emissions of air pollutants (other than vehicle emissions) are associated with the project. Therefore, the project will not expose sensitive populations to excessive levels of air pollutants.

e) Create objectionable odors affecting a substantial number of people?

□ Potentially Significant Impact □ Less than Significant Impact □ Less Than Significant With Mitigation Incorporated □ No Impact

Discussion/Explanation:

**No Impact:** No potential sources of objectionable odors have been identified in association with the proposed project. As such, no impact from odors would result from the proposed project.

# **IV. BIOLOGICAL RESOURCES** -- Would the project:

Have a substantial adverse effect, either directly or through habitat modifications, on any species identified as a candidate, sensitive, or special status species in local or regional plans, policies, or regulations, or by the California Department of Fish and Game or U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service?

□ Potentially Significant Impact
□ Less Than Significant With Mitigation
Incorporated
□ No Impact

Discussion/Explanation:

**Less than Significant Impact:** Biological surveys conducted from 2003-2005 for this project are described in the Natural Environmental Study (NES), dated June 2009. These surveys detected one sensitive plant and one sensitive animal within the study area. The sensitive plant

is the San Diego sagewort and the sensitive animal species is the Coopers hawk (Accipiter cooperii).

The one individual of San Diego sagewort was located adjacent to and on the south side of the bridge. However, the individual was not observed during 2008 surveys. It is assumed that one San Diego sagewort plant will be impacted by project implementation (even though this plant was not detected during 2008 surveys). Given the low sensitivity status of the San Diego sagewort (CNPS List 4), impacts to this species are not significant. As this species is known to occur within one mile of the survey area within the same watershed, the proposed project is not anticipated to impact the regional long-term survival of this species. However, this species is included in the plant palette for the on-site restoration efforts to be completed post construction.

A Cooper's hawk was observed flying within the oak canopy in the PIA, however, no nesting was observed.

To avoid potential impacts to any nesting raptor species and/or migratory birds, the following construction limitations shall be implemented:

- No construction will occur between February 1 and July 1; or
- If construction activities are proposed during the raptor breeding season (February 1 through July 1), qualified biologist will perform a survey to determine the presence or absence of nesting birds within 300 feet of the PIA and nesting raptors within 500 feet of the PIA to be completed not more than 10 days prior to initiation of construction activities; and
- If active raptor nests are identified during the preconstruction survey a biological monitor shall be present on-site as necessary during construction; and
- The biological monitor shall ensure that perimeter construction fencing is being maintained to minimize construction impacts and ensure that no nest containing eggs or chicks is "taken", as defined by the MBTA or Fish & Game Code Section 86, until all young have fledged or the nest becomes inactive.

With the above avoidance and minimization measures, the proposed project would avoid impacts to nesting raptors and impacts to these species will be less than significant.

b)		Have a substantial adverse effect on any community identified in local or regional p Department of Fish and Game or US Fish	lans, po	olicies, regulations or by the California
[		Potentially Significant Impact		Less than Significant Impact
E	<b>√</b>	Less Than Significant With Mitigation Incorporated		No Impact

Discussion/Explanation:

Less than Significant with Mitigation Incorporated: Project construction will result in temporary and permanent impacts to sensitive vegetation communities as discussed below.

Permanent impacts will occur to 0.127 acre of coast live oak riparian forest and 0.015 acre of non-native grassland as a result of realignment of Lawson Valley road, excavation for and placement of abutments, retaining wall placement, concrete brow ditch installation, and concrete rock slope protection. Permanent impacts to these habitat types are considered significant and will require mitigation. Mitigation for permanent impacts to 0.127 acre of coast live oak riparian forest will occur at a 2:1 ratio on-site through enhancement of 0.254 acres of existing coast live

oak riparian woodland within the existing PIA, 0.143 acre of which is within the existing right-ofway (ROW). Mitigation for permanent impacts to 0.015 acres of non-native grassland will occur at a 0.5:1 ratio on-site through the restoration of 0.008 acres of existing non-native grassland to native grassland.

Temporary impacts to 0.329 acre of coast live oak riparian forest, 0.036 acre of southern willow scrub, 0.021 acre of southern mixed chaparral, and 0.145 acre of non-native grassland will occur as a result of construction of temporary access roads, clearing and grubbing of vegetation, channel grading, creation of fill slopes, and the placement of fiber rolls and slope stabilization binders to control erosion. These impacts are considered significant and will require mitigation. Temporary impacts will be mitigated on-site at a 1:1 ratio through revegetation of all temporarily impacted areas after construction.

All coast live oak trees will be protected where possible. Trees located near the road alignment will be protected with retaining walls.

In addition, a conceptual landscaping mitigation plan will be prepared and implemented to identify post-construction, enhancement and restoration activities.

With the incorporation of the above measures, impacts to sensitive vegetation communities will be reduced to less than significant levels.

c)	Have a substantial adverse effect on fede 404 of the Clean Water Act (including, but etc.) through direct removal, filling, hydrol	t not lim	ited to, marsh, vernal pool, coastal,
	Potentially Significant Impact Less Than Significant With Mitigation Incorporated		Less than Significant Impact No Impact

Discussion/Explanation:

Less than Significant with Mitigation Incorporated: ACOE jurisdictional wetlands, waters of the U.S., and CDFG streambed and riparian habitat were found within the PIA.

The proposed project will result in temporary impacts to 0.036 acre of ACOE wetlands, 0.041 acre of ACOE non-wetland waters of the U.S., 0.365 acre of CDFG riparian habitat, and 0.023 acre of CDFG streambed. The CDFG riparian includes all ACOE wetland, and CDFG streambed includes 0.023 acre of ACOE non-wetland waters. ACOE non-wetland waters include all CDFG streambed. Permanent impacts to ACOE non-wetland waters total 0.005 acre and to CDFG riparian habitat total 0.127 acre were also identified.

Temporary impacts to ACOE non-wetland waters and CDFG streambed will be mitigated at a 1:1 ratio on-site through restoration of all temporarily impacted areas to pre-impact contours and vegetation.

Permanent impacts to ACOE non-wetland waters will be mitigated on-site at a 2:1 ratio through onsite creation by widening the streambed beneath and upstream of the bridge. This creation area will provide approximately 0.008 acre of on-site creation of ACOE non-wetland waters/CDFG streambed, which will account for the required 0.005 acre of mitigation for impacts to ACOE non-wetland waters and provide an additional 0.003 acre of ACOE non-wetland waters/CDFG streambed creation.

Permanent impacts to 0.127 acre of coast live oak riparian forest (CDFG riparian habitat) will require mitigation at a ratio of 2:1, for a total of 0.254 acre. Temporary impacts to 0.329 acre of coast live oak riparian forest (CDFG riparian habitat, which includes ACOE wetlands) will require mitigation at a ratio of 1:1, for a total of 0.329 acre. This mitigation of CDFG riparian habitat will occur within the project PIA, within the coast live oak riparian forest habitat.

d) Interfere substantially with the movement of any native residual wildlife species or with established native resident or migrat impede the use of native wildlife nursery sites?			
	Loca Than Cignificant With Mitigation		Less than Significant Impact No Impact
Discu	ssion/Explanation:		
signifi	<b>npact:</b> The project impact area is small in size cant movement corridor or habitat linkage. There with wildlife movement.		
e)	Conflict with the provisions of any adopted Communities Conservation Plan, other appropriate conservation plan or any other local policies resources?	proved	local, regional or state habitat
	Loca Than Cignificant With Mitigation		Less than Significant Impact No Impact
Discu	ssion/Explanation:		
Conse of Sai appro local,	<b>npact:</b> The project is located outside of the Cervation Planning area. In addition the project Diego Habitat Loss Permit Ordinance. The ved Habitat Conservation Plan, Natural Comregional or state habitat conservation plan out biological resources.	t does refore, imunitie	not have habitats subject to the County the project does not conflict with any es Conservation Plan, other approved
<u>V. Cl</u> a)	JLTURAL RESOURCES Would the project Cause a substantial adverse change in the defined in 15064.5?		cance of a historical resource as
	Less Than Significant With Mitigation		Less than Significant Impact No Impact

Discussion/Explanation:

Less Than Significant with Mitigation Incorporated: Archaeological site, CA-SDI-16,648, was discovered during a 2003 survey of the PIA. In 2005, archaeological testing was conducted to determine the extent of the site within and adjacent to the PIA, and to evaluate the site's potential eligibility for inclusion in the National Register of Historic Places. The results of the

cultural resources surveys, archaeological testing, and recommended mitigation measures are provided in the following two reports: "Final Archaeological Survey for the Lawson Valley Road Bridge Replacement Project, San Diego County, California" dated May 14, 2009, and "Archaeological Evaluation Report (Phase II) for CA-SDI-16,648", dated May 14, 2009.

Based on the positive results of test excavations, impacts to Archeological site, CA-SDI-16.648 would be considered significant. The archeological site was determined eligible for the National Register of Historic Places under Criterion D and the California Register of Historic Resources under Criterion 4. As a result of the testing, the project was redesigned to avoid the archaeological site. The project has been designed to avoid all bedrock milling features as well as the archeological site CA-SDI-16,648. Since the existing oaks contribute to the setting of the archaeological site, these trees will be protected by a retaining wall which will require no excavation or footing.

Additional mitigation measures involve the installation of temporary fencing during construction to delineate CA-SDI 16,648 site boundaries and identify it as an Environmentally Sensitive Area (ESA). The ESA will restrict ground disturbing activities within its boundaries and protect the archaeological site from adverse effects. Construction monitoring by a qualified archaeologist and a Native American is also proposed during construction to ensure avoidance of CA-SDI-16,648. If any artifacts are discovered during construction, they will be collected and curated at a permanent curatorial facility for archaeological collections.

With the inclusion of these design features and mitigation measures, the potential impacts to onsite historic resources will be less than significant.

,	Cause a substantial adverse change in the significance of an archaeological resoupursuant to 15064.5?		
	Potentially Significant Impact Less Than Significant With Mitigation Incorporated		Less than Significant Impact No Impact

Discussion/Explanation:

**Less Than Significant With Mitigation Incorporated:** As discussed in Section V. a) above, archaeological site, CA-SDI-16,648, was identified during a 2003 survey of the PIA. Subsequent archaeological testing in 2005 was conducted to determine the extent of the site within and adjacent to the PIA, and to evaluate the site's potential eligibility for inclusion in the National Register of Historic Places. Based on the positive results of the test excavations, impacts to Archeological site, CA-SDI-16,648 would be considered significant. The archeological site was determined eligible for the National Register of Historic Places under Criterion D and the California Register of Historic Resources under Criterion 4. As a result of the testing, the project was redesigned to avoid the archaeological site.

The project has been designed to avoid all bedrock milling features as well as the archeological site CA-SDI-16.648. Since the existing oaks contribute to the setting of the archaeological site. these trees will be protected by a retaining wall which will require no excavation or footing. Mitigation measures included in the project will install temporary fencing during construction to delineate CA-SDI 16,648 site boundaries and identify it as an ESA to restrict ground disturbing activities within the site. Construction monitoring by a qualified archaeologist and a Native American is also proposed during construction to ensure avoidance of CA-SDI-16,648. If any

artifacts are discovered during construction, they will be collected and curated at a permanent curatorial facility for archaeological collections.

With the inclusion of these design features and mitigation measures, the potential impacts to onsite archaeological resources will be less than significant.

C)		Directly or indirectly destroy a unique geological	gic rea	ture?	
		Potentially Significant Impact Less Than Significant With Mitigation Incorporated		Less than Significant Impact No Impact	
Dis	scus	sion/Explanation:			
ge	nera	iego County has a variety of geologic en ally occur in other parts of the state, count out as being unique in one way or another wi	ry, and	the world. However, some features	
<b>No Impact:</b> The site does not contain any unique geologic features that have been listed in the County's Guidelines for Determining Significance for Unique Geology Resources nor does the site support any known geologic characteristics that have the potential to support unique geologic features.					
d)		Directly or indirectly destroy a unique paleo	ntologi	cal resource or site?	
		Potentially Significant Impact Less Than Significant With Mitigation Incorporated		Less than Significant Impact No Impact	
Dis	scus	sion/Explanation:			
	<b>No Impact:</b> A review of the County's Paleontological Resources Maps indicates that the project is located entirely on plutonic igneous rock and has no potential for producing fossil remains.				
e)		Disturb any human remains, including those	e interr	ed outside of formal cemeteries?	
		Potentially Significant Impact Less Than Significant With Mitigation Incorporated		Less Than Significant Impact No Impact	

# Discussion/Explanation:

No Impact: Based on a review of cultural resources surveys conducted in 2003 and 2005 and archaeological testing of the property in 2005 it has been determined that the project will not disturb any human remains. The project site does not include a formal cemetery or any archaeological resources that might contain interred human remains. Therefore, no project related impacts would occur.

# VI. GEOLOGY AND SOILS -- Would the project:

Expose people or structures to potential substantial adverse effects, including the risk of loss, injury, or death involving:

i	Priolo Earthquake Fault Zonin	g Map issue dence of a l	lelineated on the most recent Alquisted by the State Geologist for the area or known fault? Refer to Division of Mines
	Potentially Significant Impact		Less than Significant Impact
	Less Than Significant With Mitigation Incorporated	on 🗹	No Impact
Discuss	ion/Explanation:		
Alquist-I Fault-Ru evidence	act: The project is not located in a fa Priolo Earthquake Fault Zoning Act, S upture Hazards Zones in California, o e of a known fault. Therefore, there v es to adverse effects from a known fa	Special Publ r located wi will be no im	ication 42, Revised 1997, thin any other area with substantial
i	i. Strong seismic ground shaking	g?	
	Potentially Significant Impact		Less than Significant Impact
	Less Than Significant With Mitigation Incorporated	on 🗆	No Impact
Discuss	ion/Explanation:		
structure Californi project v		ismic Requi ince with the nt impact fro	rements as outlined within the e California Building Code ensures the om the exposure of people or structures
i	ii. Seismic-related ground failure	, including li	quefaction?
	Potentially Significant Impact		Less than Significant Impact
	Less Than Significant With Mitigation Incorporated	n 🗹	No Impact
Discuss	ion/Explanation:		
County geologic In additithere wi		ice for Geolo t susceptible artificial fill or people or st	ogic Hazards. This indicates that the e to ground failure from seismic activity. I located within a floodplain. Therefore, ructures to adverse effects from a
i	v. Landslides?		
	Potentially Significant Impact		Less than Significant Impact
	Less Than Significant With Mitigatio Incorporated	on 🗹	No Impact

# Discussion/Explanation:

No Impact: The project site is not within a "Landslide Susceptibility Area" as identified in the County Guidelines for Determining Significance for Geologic Hazards. Landslide Susceptibility Areas were developed based on landslide risk profiles included in the Multi-Jurisdictional Hazard Mitigation Plan, San Diego, CA (URS, 2004). Landslide risk areas from this plan were based on data including steep slopes (greater than 25%); soil series data (SANDAG based on USGS 1970s series); soil-slip susceptibility from USGS; and Landslide Hazard Zone Maps (limited to western portion of the County) developed by the California Department of Conservation, Division of Mines and Geology (DMG). Also included within Landslide Susceptibility Areas are gabbroic soils on slopes steeper than 15% in grade because these soils are slide prone. Since the project is not located within an identified Landslide Susceptibility Area and the geologic environment has a low probability to become unstable, the project would have no impact from the exposure of people or structures to potential adverse effects from landslides.

b)	Result in substantial soil erosion or the loss of topsoil?				
	Less Than Significant With Mitigation		Less than Significant Impact No Impact		
Discu	ssion/Explanation:				
as Fe loam, perce San [ Servion soils; will no	npact: According to the Soil Survey of San E2, Fallbrook rocky sandy loam, 9 to 30 per 5 to 9 percent slopes, eroded, CmrG, Cier ent slopes that has a soil erodibility rating of Diego Area, prepared by the US Department ce dated December 1973. Moreover, the p will not alter existing drainage patterns; is a but develop steep slopes. Therefore, it has be antial soil erosion or the loss of topsoil.	ercent slo neba very f "slight" a nt of Agri project wi not locate	opes, eroded; RaC2, Ramona sandy rocky coarse sandy loam, 30 to 75 as indicated by the Soil Survey for the culture, Soil Conservation and Forest II not result in unprotected erodible and in a significant drainage feature; and		
c)	Will the project produce unstable geologi resulting from landslides, lateral spreading		•		
	i community cognition in participants		Less than Significant Impact		
	Less Than Significant With Mitigation Incorporated	V	No Impact		
Discu	ssion/Explanation:				

No Impact: The project is not located on or near geological formations that are unstable or would potentially become unstable as a result of the project. The project site is not within a "Landslide Susceptibility Area"; a "Potential Liquefaction Area"; in a "fault rupture hazard zone"; or in an area known to be susceptible to subsidence or lateral spreading as identified in the County Guidelines for Determining Significance for Geologic Hazards. For further information refer to VI Geology and Soils, Question a., i-iv above. Therefore, the project will not produce unstable geological conditions that will result in adverse impacts resulting from landslides, lateral spreading, subsidence, liquefaction or collapse.

d)	Be located on expansive soil, as defined in Table 18-1-B of the Uniform Building Code (1994), creating substantial risks to life or property?			
	Potentially Significant Impact Less Than Significant With Mitigation Incorporated		Less than Significant Impact No Impact	
Discus	sion/Explanation:			
Uniform loam, 9 eroded have a was co Depart	pact: The project does not contain expansive management Building Code (1994). The soils on-site are to 30 percent slopes, eroded; RaC2, Ramo I, CmrG, Cieneba very rocky coarse sandy loo shrink-swell behavior of low and represent ronfirmed by staff review of the Soil Survey for ment of Agriculture, Soil Conservation and Fore, the project will not create a substantial right.	e ident na san am, 30 no subs the Sa orest S	ified as FeE2, Fallbrook rocky sandy dy loam, 5 to 9 percent slopes, 0 to 75 percent slopes. These soils stantial risks to life or property. This an Diego Area, prepared by the US Service dated December 1973.	
e)	Have soils incapable of adequately supporti wastewater disposal systems where sewers wastewater?	_	•	
	Potentially Significant Impact Less Than Significant With Mitigation Incorporated		Less than Significant Impact No Impact	
Discus	sion/Explanation:			
<b>No Impact:</b> The project is for the replacement of a structurally deficient bridge. The project does not propose any septic tanks or alternative wastewater disposal systems since no wastewater will be generated.				
VII. H	AZARDS AND HAZARDOUS MATERIALS	Wou	ld the project:	
a)	Create a significant hazard to the public or t transport, storage, use, or disposal of hazar reasonably foreseeable upset and accident hazardous materials into the environment?	dous n	naterials or wastes or through	
	Potentially Significant Impact		Less than Significant Impact	
	Less Than Significant With Mitigation Incorporated	$\overline{\checkmark}$	No Impact	
Discus	sion/Explanation:			

**No Impact**: The project will not create a significant hazard to the public or the environment because it does not propose the storage, use, transport, emission, or disposal of Hazardous Substances, nor are Hazardous Substances proposed or currently in use in the immediate vicinity. The County of San Diego Materials lab conducted a hazardous material and petroleum products review on the project site described in a report dated Sept 14, 2008. The review consisted of a site reconnaissance and "Transaction Screen" database search. The report

concluded that there are no credibible environmental concerns related to hazardous materials or petroleum products at the site.

h)	Emit hazardaya amiasiana ar handla hazard	loue or	acutaly hazardous materials
b)	Emit hazardous emissions or handle hazard substances, or waste within one-quarter mile		
	Potentially Significant Impact		Less than Significant Impact
	Less Than Significant With Mitigation Incorporated		No Impact
Discus	sion/Explanation:		
	pact: The project is not located within one-quore, the project will not have any effect on an		
c)	Be located on a site which is included on a I pursuant to Government Code Section 6596 subject to a release of hazardous substance significant hazard to the public or the environment.	62.5, oi es and,	r is otherwise known to have been as a result, would it create a
	Potentially Significant Impact Less Than Significant With Mitigation Incorporated		Less than Significant Impact No Impact
Discus	ssion/Explanation:		
No Impact: Based on a site visit and regulatory database search, the project site has not been subject to a release of hazardous substances. The project site is not included in any of the following lists or databases: the State of California Hazardous Waste and Substances sites list compiled pursuant to Government Code Section 65962.5., the San Diego County Hazardous Materials Establishment database, the San Diego County DEH Site Assessment and Mitigation (SAM) Case Listing, the Department of Toxic Substances Control (DTSC) Site Mitigation and Brownfields Reuse Program Database ("CalSites" Envirostor Database), the Resource Conservation and Recovery Information System (RCRIS) listing, the EPA's Superfund CERCLIS database or the EPA's National Priorities List (NPL). Additionally, the project does not propose structures for human occupancy or significant linear excavation within 1,000 feet of an open, abandoned, or closed landfill, is not located on or within 250 feet of the boundary of a parcel identified as containing burn ash (from the historic burning of trash), is not on or within 1,000 feet of a Formerly Used Defense Site (FUDS), does not contain a leaking Underground Storage Tank, and is not located on a site with the potential for contamination from historic uses such as intensive agriculture, industrial uses, a gas station or vehicle repair shop. Therefore, th project would not create a significant hazard to the public or environment.			
d)	For a project located within an airport land unadopted, within two miles of a public airport in a safety hazard for people residing or wor	or pub	lic use airport, would the project result
	Potentially Significant Impact		Less than Significant Impact
	Less Than Significant With Mitigation Incorporated	$\overline{\mathbf{A}}$	No Impact

Discussion/Explanation:

No Impact: The proposed project is not located within an Airport Land Use Compatibility Plan (ALUCP), a Comprehensive Land Use Plan (CLUP), within a Federal Aviation Administration Height Notification Surface, or within two miles of a public airport. Also, the project does not propose construction of any structure equal to or greater than 150 feet in height, constituting a safety hazard to aircraft and/or operations from an airport or heliport. Therefore, the project will not constitute a safety hazard for people residing or working in the project area.

e)	For a project within the vicinity of a private a hazard for people residing or working in the		
	Potentially Significant Impact Less Than Significant With Mitigation Incorporated		Less than Significant Impact No Impact
Discus	ssion/Explanation:		
	<b>pact:</b> The proposed project is not within one t will not constitute a safety hazard for people		•
f)	Impair implementation of or physically interfiglen or emergency evacuation plan?	ere wit	th an adopted emergency response
	Potentially Significant Impact	$\overline{\checkmark}$	Less than Significant Impact
	Less Than Significant With Mitigation Incorporated		No Impact
Discus	ssion/Explanation:		

The following sections summarize the project's consistency with applicable emergency response plans or emergency evacuation plans.

OPERATIONAL AREA EMERGENCY PLAN AND MULTI-JURISDICTIONAL HAZARD i. MITIGATION PLAN:

Less Than Significant Impact: The Operational Area Emergency Plan is a comprehensive emergency plan that defines responsibilities, establishes an emergency organization, defines lines of communications, and is designed to be part of the statewide Standardized Emergency Management System. The Operational Area Emergency Plan provides guidance for emergency planning and requires subsequent plans to be established by each jurisdiction that has responsibilities in a disaster situation. The Multi-Jurisdictional Hazard Mitigation Plan includes an overview of the risk assessment process, identifies hazards present in the jurisdiction, hazard profiles, and vulnerability assessments. The plan also identifies goals, objectives and actions for each jurisdiction in the County of San Diego, including all cities and the County unincorporated areas. The project will not interfere with this plan because it will not prohibit subsequent plans from being established or prevent the goals and objectives of existing plans from being carried out.

SAN DIEGO COUNTY NUCLEAR POWER STATION EMERGENCY RESPONSE PLAN ii.

No Impact: The San Diego County Nuclear Power Station Emergency Response Plan will not be interfered with by the project due to the location of the project, plant and the specific requirements of the plan. The emergency plan for the San Onofre Nuclear Generating Station includes an emergency planning zone within a 10-mile radius. All land area within 10 miles of the plant is not within the jurisdiction of the unincorporated County and as such a project in the unincorporated area is not expected to interfere with any response or evacuation.

#### iii. OIL SPILL CONTINGENCY ELEMENT

No Impact: The Oil Spill Contingency Element will not be interfered with because the project is not located along the coastal zone or coastline.

EMERGENCY WATER CONTINGENCIES ANNEX AND ENERGY SHORTAGE ίV. **RESPONSE PLAN** 

No Impact: The Emergency Water Contingencies Annex and Energy Shortage Response Plan will not be interfered with because the project does not propose altering major water or energy supply infrastructure, such as the California Aqueduct.

DAM EVACUATION PLAN ٧.

**No Impact:** The Dam Evacuation Plan will not be interfered with because the project is not located within a dam inundation zone.

g)	Expose people or structures to a significant fires, including where wildlands are adjacen intermixed with wildlands?		. , ,	
	Potentially Significant Impact Less Than Significant With Mitigation Incorporated		Less than Significant Impact No Impact	
Discus	ssion/Explanation:			
<b>No Impact:</b> The proposed project is adjacent to wildlands that have the potential to support wildland fires. However, the project will not expose people or structures to a significant risk of loss, injury or death involving wildland fires. The project involves the replacement of a bridge and not facilities or structures that may interfere with public access to fire escape routes. In fact, the purpose of the project is to replace a structurally deficient bridge to ensure that fire safety access to the community is maintained. Therefore, the project would not expose people or structures to the risk of wildland fires.				
h)	Propose a use, or place residents adjacent that would substantially increase current or including mosquitoes, rats or flies, which are health diseases or nuisances?	future	resident's exposure to vectors,	

 $\overline{\mathbf{V}}$ 

Less than Significant Impact

No Impact

Discussion/Explanation:

Incorporated

Potentially Significant Impact

Less Than Significant With Mitigation

**No Impact:** The project does not involve uses that allow water to stand for a period of 72 hours (3 days) or more (e.g. artificial lakes, agricultural irrigation ponds). Also, the project does not involve uses that will produce or collect animal waste, such as equestrian facilities, agricultural operations (chicken coops, dairies etc.), solid waste facility or other similar uses. Moreover, based on a site visit conducted by DPW staff on December 9, 2009, none of these uses exist at the project site. Therefore, the project will not increase current or future resident's exposure to vectors, including mosquitoes, rats or flies.

VIII. HYDROLOGY AND WATER QUALITY Would the project:					
a)	Violate any waste discharge requirements?				
	Potentially Significant Impact	$\square$	Less than Significant Impact		
	Less Than Significant With Mitigation Incorporated		No Impact		
Discus	sion/Explanation:				
deficie associa demon Storm measu to redu runoff. extent rolls, te washo sweep exits the require Composimplem (JURM	Less Than Significant Impact: The project proposes replacement of an existing structurally deficient bridge which requires a NPDES General Permit for discharges of storm water associated with construction activities. This permit will be obtained prior to construction to demonstrate that the project will comply with all requirements of the NPDES General Permit. A Storm Water Pollution Prevention Plan (SWPPP) will be prepared which will identify site design measures and/or source control BMPs and/or treatment control BMPs that will be implemented to reduce potential pollutants to the maximum extent practicable from entering storm water runoff. The following BMPs will be implemented to reduce potential pollutants to the maximum extent practicable from entering storm water runoff: temporary check dams, temporary fiber rolls, temporary gravel bag berms, erosion control stabilizing emulsion, temporary concrete washout facility, temporary stabilized construction entrance, spill prevention and control, street sweeping and vacuuming, and rock slope protection will be installed where storm water flow exits the roadway. These measures will enable the project to meet waste discharge requirements as required by the Land-Use Planning for New Development and Redevelopment Component of the San Diego Municipal Permit (SDRWQCB Order No. 2001-01), as implemented by the San Diego County Jurisdictional Urban Runoff Management Program (JURMP) and Standard Urban Storm Water Mitigation Plan (SUSMP).				
The project's conformance to the waste discharge requirements listed above ensures the project will not create cumulatively considerable water quality impacts related to waste discharge because, through the permit, the project will conform to Countywide watershed standards in the JURMP and SUSMP, derived from State regulation to address human health and water quality concerns. Therefore, the project will not contribute to a cumulatively considerable impact to water quality from waste discharges.					
b) Is the project tributary to an already impaired water body, as listed on the Clean Water Act Section 303(d) list? If so, could the project result in an increase in any pollutant for which the water body is already impaired?					
	Potentially Significant Impact		Less than Significant Impact		
	Less Than Significant With Mitigation Incorporated	$\square$	No Impact		

Discussion/Explanation:

**No Impact:** The project lies in the Jamacha hydrologic subarea (909.21) of the Middle Sweetwater hydrologic area in the Sweetwater hydrologic unit. Lawson Valley Creek is tributary to the Sweetwater River. According to the Clean Water Act Section 303(d) list, July 2003, no portion of the Sweetwater River, including the project site, is impaired. Constituents of concern in the Sweetwater River watershed include coliform bacteria and trace metals. However, the project does not propose any known source of pollutants or land use activities that might contribute pollutants.

- \	Cauld the presented president cause or control	4. 4.				
c)	Could the proposed project cause or contribute to an exceedance of applicable surface or groundwater receiving water quality objectives or degradation of beneficial uses?					
	Potentially Significant Impact		Less than Significant Impact			
	Less Than Significant With Mitigation Incorporated	$\square$	No Impact			
Discus	ssion/Explanation:					
for wa (Plan)	<b>pact:</b> The Regional Water Quality Control E ters of the San Diego Region as outlined in 0 . The water quality objectives are necessary cial uses of each hydrologic unit as describe	Chapte to pro	r 3 of the Water Quality Control Plan tect the existing and potential			
hydrol benefi water: service cold fr	The project lies in the Jamacha hydrologic subarea (909.21) of the Middle Sweetwater hydrologic area in the Sweetwater hydrologic unit that has the following existing and potential beneficial uses for inland surface waters, coastal waters, reservoirs and lakes, and ground water: municipal and domestic supply; agricultural supply; industrial process supply, industrial service supply; contact water recreation; non-contact water recreation; warm freshwater habitat; cold freshwater habitat; wildlife habitat; preservation of biological habitats of special significance; and rare, threatened, or endangered species habitat.					
	ater Quality Report prepared for the project timpact any of the water quality objectives one.					
d)	Substantially deplete groundwater supplies recharge such that there would be a net de local groundwater table level (e.g., the produce to a level which would not support exist permits have been granted)?	ficit in a luction	aquifer volume or a lowering of the rate of pre-existing nearby wells would			
	Potentially Significant Impact Less Than Significant With Mitigation Incorporated		Less than Significant Impact No Impact			

Discussion/Explanation:

No Impact: The project is a bridge replacement project and does not propose any use of groundwater. The project will not use any groundwater for any purpose, including irrigation, domestic or commercial demands. In addition, the project does not involve operations that would interfere substantially with groundwater recharge including, but not limited to the following: the project does not involve regional diversion of water to another groundwater basin; or diversion or channelization of a stream course or waterway with impervious layers, such as

concrete lining or culverts, for substantial distances (e.g. 1/4 mile). These activities and operations can substantially affect rates of groundwater recharge. Therefore, no impact to groundwater resources is anticipated.

e)	Substantially alter the existing drainage pat alteration of the course of a stream or river, erosion or siltation on- or off-site?		
	Potentially Significant Impact Less Than Significant With Mitigation Incorporated		Less than Significant Impact No Impact
Discus	esion/Explanation:		
bridge involve alterati	pact: The project involves the replacement will be placed in approximately the same local substantial alteration of the existing drainagion of the course of a stream or river in a mattion on- or off-site, Therefore, the project will	cation a ge patte nner th	as the existing bridge, and does not ern of the site or area, including the nat would result in substantial erosion
f)	Substantially alter the existing drainage patalteration of the course of a stream or river, of surface runoff in a manner which would r	or sub	stantially increase the rate or amount
	Potentially Significant Impact Less Than Significant With Mitigation Incorporated		Less than Significant Impact No Impact
Discus	esion/Explanation:		
Valley bridge. associathe road drainag substa	Than Significant Impact: The project involved Creek. The bridge will be placed in approxime. There will be a minor increase in runoff due ated roadway surface. Rock slope protection adway to ensure that the minor increase in runge pattern of the site or area, including alterantially increase the rate or amount of surface or on-or off-site. Therefore, impacts will be I	nately to the to the will be unoff with the total to the the total to the	the same location as the existing widening of the bridge and installed where storm water flow exits all not significantly alter the existing the course of a stream or river or fin a manner that would result in
g)	Create or contribute runoff water which wou storm water drainage systems?	ıld exc	eed the capacity of existing or planned
	Potentially Significant Impact Less Than Significant With Mitigation Incorporated		Less than Significant Impact No Impact

Discussion/Explanation:

**Less Than Significant Impact**: The project involves the replacement of a bridge over Lawson Valley Creek. There will be a minor increase in runoff due to widening of the bridge and associated roadway surface. Rock slope protection will be installed where storm water flow exits the roadway. This minor increase will not create of contribute to runoff that would exceed the

capacity of existing or planned storm water drainage systems. Therefore, impacts will be less than significant.

h)	n) Provide substantial additional sources of polluted runoff?				
		Potentially Significant Impact	$\overline{\checkmark}$	Less than Significant Impact	
		Less Than Significant With Mitigation Incorporated		No Impact	
Disc	cus	sion/Explanation:			
(Ma active carr hyd vehi ens mea cons	rch vitied roc icle ure asu stru	Than Significant Impact: According to the Virial 17, 2009), the project has the potential to resess including grading that could cause sediment downstream from the project. In addition, or arbon products, or motor products from leakings. Site design measures and treatment contributed that pollutants and runoff will be reduced to reseinclude but are not limited to silt fences, outclion entrances, inlet protection, gravel bags ore the impact is less than significant.	sult in and and and and and and and and and an	minor runoff from construction soils to be released off-site and grease sources include petroleum licles could occur from construction swill be included in the project to eximum extent practicable. These dams, straw waddles, temporary	
i)		Place housing within a 100-year flood hazar Hazard Boundary or Flood Insurance Rate Including County Floodplain Maps?			
		Potentially Significant Impact		Less than Significant Impact	
		Less Than Significant With Mitigation Incorporated	$\overline{\square}$	No Impact	
Disc	cus	sion/Explanation:			
Law to p	<b>No Impact:</b> The project is the replacement and improvement of an existing 2-lane bridge over Lawson Creek, which is mapped as a FEMA 100-year flood plain. The project is not proposing to place structures with a potential for human occupation within the FEMA 100-year flood plain; therefore, there will be no impacts.				
j)		Place within a 100-year flood hazard area si flood flows?	tructure	es which would impede or redirect	
		Potentially Significant Impact Less Than Significant With Mitigation Incorporated		Less than Significant Impact No Impact	

Discussion/Explanation:

**No Impact:** The project is the replacement of an existing 2-lane bridge over Lawson Creek, which is mapped as a FEMA 100-year flood plain. The project proposes changing the vertical realignment of the bridge to accommodate the high water surface elevation for the 100-year storm event. The project design does not propose placing any additional structures within the 100-year flood hazard area which would impede or redirect flood flows. Therefore, there will be no impact.

k)	Expose people or structures to a significant risk of loss, injury or death involving flooding?			
	Potentially Significant Impact		Less than Significant Impact	
	Less Than Significant With Mitigation Incorporated	$\square$	No Impact	
Discus	ssion/Explanation:			
which	<b>pact:</b> The project is the replacement of an e is mapped as a FEMA 100-year flood plain. e people or structures to a significant risk or	The re	eplacement of this bridge will not	
l)	Expose people or structures to a significan as a result of the failure of a levee or dam?		loss, injury or death involving flooding	
	Potentially Significant Impact Less Than Significant With Mitigation Incorporated		Less than Significant Impact No Impact	
Discus	ssion/Explanation:			
<b>No Impact:</b> The project site lies outside a mapped dam inundation area for a major dam/reservoir within San Diego County. In addition, the project is not located immediately downstream of a minor dam that could potentially flood the property. Therefore, the project will not expose people to a significant risk of loss, injury or death involving flooding.				
m)	Inundation by seiche, tsunami, or mudflow	?		
	Potentially Significant Impact		Less than Significant Impact	
	Less Than Significant With Mitigation Incorporated	$\square$	No Impact	
Discus	ssion/Explanation:			
i.	SEICHE			
	<b>pact:</b> The project site is not located along the not be inundated by a seiche.	he shor	reline of a lake or reservoir; therefore,	
ii.	TSUNAMI			

#### iii. **MUDFLOW**

of a tsunami, would not be inundated.

No Impact: Mudflow is type of landslide. A geological report was prepared for the project and the site is not located within a landslide susceptibility zone. The geologic environment of the project area has a low probability to be located within an area of potential or pre-existing conditions that could become unstable in the event of seismic activity. In addition, though the

No Impact: The project site is located more than a mile from the coast; therefore, in the event

project does propose land disturbance that will expose unprotected soils, the project is not located downstream from unprotected, exposed soils within a landslide susceptibility zone. Therefore, the project will not expose people or property to inundation due to a mudflow.

IX.	. LA	AND USE AND PLANNING Would the proj	ect:		
a)		Physically divide an established community	?		
		Potentially Significant Impact		Less than Significant Impact	
		Less Than Significant With Mitigation Incorporated	$\square$	No Impact	
Di	scus	sion/Explanation:			
roa	adwa	pact: The project does not propose the intro ays or water supply systems, or utilities to the rupt or divide the established community.			
b)	Conflict with any applicable land use plan, policy, or regulation of an agency with jurisdiction over the project (including, but not limited to the general plan, specific plan, local coastal program, or zoning ordinance) adopted for the purpose of avoiding or mitigating an environmental effect?				
		Potentially Significant Impact		Less than Significant Impact	
		Less Than Significant With Mitigation Incorporated	$\overline{\mathbf{V}}$	No Impact	
Di	scus	sion/Explanation:			
Th rep Co	e prolace	pact:. coposed project is the replacement of a structure ement project complies with all applicable y's General Plan and the Jamul Subregiona elicies would occur.	e stan	dards and requirements of both the	
	MIN	NERAL RESOURCES Would the project:			
a)		Result in the loss of availability of a known region and the residents of the state?	minera	I resource that would be of value to the	
		Potentially Significant Impact		Less than Significant Impact	
		Less Than Significant With Mitigation Incorporated	$\overline{\mathbf{V}}$	No Impact	
Di	SCUS	sion/Explanation:			

No Impact: The lands within the project site have not been classified by the California Department of Conservation - Division of Mines and Geology (Update of Mineral Land Classification: Aggregate Materials in the Western San Diego Production-Consumption Region, 1997). Therefore the project will not result in the loss of availability of a known mineral resource that would be of value to the region and the residents of the state.

Result in the loss of availability of a locally-important mineral resource recovery site b) delineated on a local general plan, specific plan or other land use plan?

		Potentially Significant Impact		Less than Significant Impact
☐ Less Than Sigr Incorporated	Less Than Significant With Mitigation Incorporated	$\overline{\checkmark}$	No Impact	
Dis	cuss	sion/Explanation:		
Ext with sigi rec	racti n an nifica over	vact: The project site is zoned A72-General tve Use Zone (S-82) nor does it have an Impextractive Land Use Overlay (25) (County I ant loss of availability of a known mineral resty (extraction) site delineated on a local general as a result of this project.	pact Se Land U source	ensitive Land Use Designation (24) Ise Element, 2000). Therefore, no of locally important mineral resource
<b>ΧΙ.</b> a)		ISE Would the project result in: Exposure of persons to or generation of noi in the local general plan or noise ordinance		
		Potentially Significant Impact		Less than Significant Impact
		Less Than Significant With Mitigation Incorporated	$\overline{\checkmark}$	No Impact
Dis	cuss	sion/Explanation:		
ger leve Pla	nerat els tl n, C	eact: The project is a bridge replacement proting equipment. Therefore, the project will replacement allowable limits of the Count ounty of San Diego Noise Ordinance, and control regulations. Therefore, no impacts wi	not exp y of Sa other a	ose people to or generate any noise an Diego Noise Element of the General oplicable local, State, and Federal
b)		Exposure of persons to or generation of exc groundborne noise levels?	cessive	e groundborne vibration or
		Potentially Significant Impact		Less than Significant Impact
		Less Than Significant With Mitigation Incorporated	$\overline{\mathbf{A}}$	No Impact
Dis	cuss	sion/Explanation:		

No Impact: The project does not propose any of the following land uses that can be impacted by groundborne vibration or groundborne noise levels.

- 1. Buildings where low ambient vibration is essential for interior operation, including research and manufacturing facilities with special vibration constraints.
- 2. Residences and buildings where people normally sleep including hotels, hospitals, residences and where low ambient vibration is preferred.
- 3. Civic and institutional land uses including schools, churches, libraries, other institutions, and quiet office where low ambient vibration is preferred.
- 4. Concert halls for symphonies or other special use facilities where low ambient vibration is preferred.

Also, the project does not propose any major, new or expanded infrastructure such as mass transit, highways or major roadways or intensive extractive industry that could generate

Potentially Significant Impact

excessive groundborne vibration or groundborne noise levels on-site or in the surrounding area. Therefore, the project will not result in the exposure of persons to or generation of excessive groundborne vibration or groundborne noise levels.					
c)	A substantial permanent increase in ambier levels existing without the project?	nt noise	e levels in the project vicinity above		
	Potentially Significant Impact		Less than Significant Impact		
	Less Than Significant With Mitigation Incorporated	Ø	No Impact		
Discus	ssion/Explanation:				
genera	<b>pact:</b> The project is a bridge replacement prating equipment. Therefore, the project would levels.				
d)	A substantial temporary or periodic increase above levels existing without the project?	e in am	bient noise levels in the project vicinity		
	Potentially Significant Impact		Less than Significant Impact		
	Less Than Significant With Mitigation Incorporated	Ø	No Impact		
Discus	ssion/Explanation:				
<b>No Impact:</b> The project is a bridge replacement project that does not support any noise-generating equipment. Also, the temporary increase over existing ambient levels for construction noise will not exceed the construction noise limits of the County of San Diego Noise Ordinance (Section 36-410). Construction operations will occur only during permitted hours of operation pursuant to Section 36-410. Therefore, the project would not result in a substantial temporary or periodic increase in existing ambient noise levels in the project vicinity.					
e)	For a project located within an airport land used adopted, within two miles of a public airport expose people residing or working in the pro-	or pub	lic use airport, would the project		
	Potentially Significant Impact		Less than Significant Impact		
	Less Than Significant With Mitigation Incorporated	$\square$	No Impact		
Discus	ssion/Explanation:				
(CLUF	<b>pact:</b> The proposed project is not located with post of a public airport will not expose people residing or working in levels.	ort or p	oublic use airport. Therefore, the		
f)	For a project within the vicinity of a private a residing or working in the project area to ex	•	· • · · · · ·		

Less than Significant Impact

	Less Than Significant With Mitigation Incorporated		No Impact		
Discus	ssion/Explanation:				
theref	<b>pact:</b> The proposed project is not located wore, the project will not expose people residingled to related noise levels.				
XII. P a)	OPULATION AND HOUSING Would the Induce substantial population growth in an proposing new homes and businesses) or roads or other infrastructure)?	area, e	either directly (for example, by		
	Potentially Significant Impact		Less than Significant Impact		
	Less Than Significant With Mitigation Incorporated	$\checkmark$	No Impact		
Discus	ssion/Explanation:				
not inc	<b>pact:</b> The proposed project is the replacem duce substantial population growth in an are- cal or regulatory change that would encourage	a beca	use the project does not propose any		
b)	Displace substantial numbers of existing he replacement housing elsewhere?	ousing,	necessitating the construction of		
	Potentially Significant Impact		Less than Significant Impact		
	Less Than Significant With Mitigation Incorporated	$\overline{\checkmark}$	No Impact		
Discus	ssion/Explanation:				
	pact: Toposed project is for the replacement of a set will not displace any existing housing and r				
c)	Displace substantial numbers of people, necessitating the construction of replacement housing elsewhere?				
	Potentially Significant Impact		Less than Significant Impact		
□ Discus	Less Than Significant With Mitigation Incorporated ssion/Explanation:	Ø	No Impact		
	wast. The wastered wastert is fauther assisted		of a building. The wafe we the considerative ill		

**No Impact:** The proposed project is for the replacement of a bridge. Therefore the project will not displace any existing people or housing and no impact will occur as part of the project.

# XIII. PUBLIC SERVICES

Would the project result in substantial adverse physical impacts associated with the provision of new or physically altered governmental facilities, need for new or physically altered governmental facilities, the construction of which could cause significant

environmental impacts, in order to maintain acceptable service ratios, response times or other performance service ratios, response times or other performance objectives for any of the public services:

any of the public services:			
<ul><li>i. Fire protection?</li><li>ii. Police protection?</li><li>iii. Schools?</li><li>iv. Parks?</li><li>v. Other public facilities?</li></ul>			
□ Potentially Significant Impac	ct		Less than Significant Impact
Less Than Significant With Incorporated	Mitigation	Ø	No Impact
Discussion/Explanation:			
in the need for new or physically alte contacted the San Diego Rural Fire Ceast of the bridge, the Sheriff's Depa Dulzura Union and Grossmont Union providers are kept apprised of the providers.	red services of Chief regarding ortment and both High School Doposed project se time for firects on public se	faciliti their their their the the school Districte and the protecters	Station 33 on Montiel Truck Trail, just pol districts that serve the area (Jamul) to ensure that public service the project schedule. The replacement tion services is maintained. Therefore, for the environment related to the

XIV.	R	<u>ECREATION</u>		
a)		Would the project increase the use of exis recreational facilities such that substantial occur or be accelerated?		
		Potentially Significant Impact		Less than Significant Impact
		Less Than Significant With Mitigation Incorporated	V	No Impact

# Discussion/Explanation:

**No Impact:** The project does not propose any residential use, included but not limited to a residential subdivision, mobile home park, or construction for a single-family residence that may increase the use of existing neighborhood and regional parks or other recreational facilities in the vicinity. The project will not increase the use of existing neighborhood and regional parks or other recreational facilities such that substantial physical deterioration of the facility would occur or be accelerated. Therefore, no impact will occur as a result of the project.

b)	Does the project include recreational facil recreational facilities, which might have a	•
	Potentially Significant Impact	Less than Significant Impact
	Less Than Significant With Mitigation Incorporated	No Impact

Discussion/Explanation:

**No Impact:** The project does not include recreational facilities or require the construction or expansion of recreational facilities. Therefore, the project will not have an adverse physical effect on the environment through the construction or expansion of recreational facilities.

	RANSPORTATION/TRAFFIC Would the p			
a)	Cause an increase in traffic which is substant capacity of the street system (i.e., result in a vehicle trips, the volume to capacity ratio on	subst	antial increase in either the number of	
	Potentially Significant Impact Less Than Significant With Mitigation Incorporated		Less than Significant Impact No Impact	
Discus	sion/Explanation:			
bridge	han Significant Impact: The project proposed and would not result in an increase in traffic; on the existing traffic load and capacity of the	theref	ore, the proposed project will have no	
and to	oject will be constructed in phases to avoid e maintain a single lane of traffic during the co s will also be less than significant during the	nstruct	tion period. Therefore temporary traffic	
b)	Exceed, either individually or cumulatively, a level of service standard established by the County congestion management agency and/or as identified by the County of San Diego Transportation Impact Fee Program for designated roads or highways?			
	Potentially Significant Impact Less Than Significant With Mitigation Incorporated		Less than Significant Impact No Impact	
Discus	sion/Explanation:			
will ha	pact: The project will not result in an increas we no direct or cumulative impact on the leve y congestion management agency for design	l of ser	vice standard established by the	
c)	Result in a change in air traffic patterns, incl change in location that results in substantial			
	Potentially Significant Impact Less Than Significant With Mitigation Incorporated		Less than Significant Impact No Impact	

Discussion/Explanation:

**No Impact:** The proposed project is located outside of an Airport Influence Area and is not located within two miles of a public or public use airport; therefore, the project will not result in a change in air traffic patterns.

d)	Substantially increase hazards due to a design feature (e.g., sharp curves or dangerous intersections) or incompatible uses (e.g., farm equipment)?				
		Potentially Significant Impact Less Than Significant With Mitigation Incorporated		Less than Significant Impact No Impact	
Dis	cuss	ion/Explanation:			
traf	fic pa	act: The project is the replacement of a structure atterns, roadway design, place incompatible ys, or create or place curves, slopes or walls	uses	(e.g., farm equipment) on existing	
e)	F	Result in inadequate emergency access?			
		Potentially Significant Impact Less Than Significant With Mitigation Incorporated		Less than Significant Impact No Impact	
Dis	cuss	ion/Explanation:			
The rep	<b>No Impact:</b> The proposed project will not result in inadequate emergency access. The project involves the replacement of a structurally deficient bridge. During bridge construction, the project has been phased to ensure that one lane of the roadway will be open at all times; therefore, the project will have no impact on emergency access.				
f)	F	Result in inadequate parking capacity?			
		Potentially Significant Impact Less Than Significant With Mitigation Incorporated		Less than Significant Impact No Impact	
Dis	cuss	ion/Explanation:			
<b>No Impact</b> : No on-site or off-site parking is required or proposed. The proposed project is a bridge replacement project and does not require parking. Therefore, parking will not result in an insufficient capacity on-site or off-site.					
g)		Conflict with adopted policies, plans, or prog e.g., bus turnouts, bicycle racks)?	ırams s	supporting alternative transportation	
		Potentially Significant Impact Less Than Significant With Mitigation Incorporated		Less than Significant Impact No Impact	

Discussion/Explanation:

**No Impact:** The project does not propose any hazards or barriers for pedestrians or bicyclists.

XVI. UTILITIES AND SERVICE SYSTEMS -- Would the project:

a)	Exceed wastewater treatment requirements Control Board?	of the	applicable Regional Water Quality
	Potentially Significant Impact Less Than Significant With Mitigation Incorporated		Less than Significant Impact No Impact
Discus	sion/Explanation:		
sanitar	<b>pact:</b> The project does not involve any uses y sewer or on-site wastewater systems (sept astewater treatment requirements.		
b)	Require or result in the construction of new expansion of existing facilities, the construct environmental effects?		
	Potentially Significant Impact Less Than Significant With Mitigation Incorporated		Less than Significant Impact No Impact
Discus	sion/Explanation:		
	pact: The project does not require the constent facilities. Therefore, no impacts will occu Require or result in the construction of new of existing facilities, the construction of whice effects?	r as a storm v	result of the project. water drainage facilities or expansion
	Potentially Significant Impact Less Than Significant With Mitigation Incorporated		Less than Significant Impact No Impact
Discus	sion/Explanation:		
creek s	<b>pact:</b> The project involves the replacement of surrounded by undeveloped land. No storm water drainage facilities are proposed	vater d	rainage facilities or expansion of
d)	Have sufficient water supplies available to s and resources, or are new or expanded enti		. ,
	Potentially Significant Impact Less Than Significant With Mitigation Incorporated		Less than Significant Impact No Impact

Discussion/Explanation:

**No Impact:** The proposed project does not involve or require water services from a water district. Therefore, no impact will occur as part of the project.

e)	Result in a determination by the wastewater treatment provider, which serves or may serve the project that it has adequate capacity to serve the project's projected demand in addition to the provider's existing commitments?			
	Potentially Significant Impact Less Than Significant With Mitigation Incorporated		Less than Significant Impact No Impact	
Discus	sion/Explanation:			
and wi	pact: The proposed project involves the repl Il not generate any wastewater nor place any vater facilities within San Diego County. Ther vater treatment providers service capacity.	burde	en on the existing permitted	
f)	Be served by a landfill with sufficient permitt solid waste disposal needs?	ed cap	pacity to accommodate the project's	
	Potentially Significant Impact Less Than Significant With Mitigation Incorporated		Less than Significant Impact No Impact	
Discus	sion/Explanation:			
Less than Significant Impact: The project involves the replacement of a structurally deficient bridge and will not generate any solid waste that would place any burden on the existing permitted capacity of any landfill or transfer station within San Diego County. During construction if solid waste is generated, this waste will be disposed of in an appropriate landfill with sufficient capacity to accommodate the project's solid waste disposal needs.				
g)	Comply with federal, state, and local statute	s and	regulations related to solid waste?	
	Potentially Significant Impact Less Than Significant With Mitigation Incorporated		Less than Significant Impact No Impact	
Discus	sion/Explanation:			
<b>No Impact:</b> The project will deposit all solid waste at a permitted solid waste facility and therefore, will comply with Federal, State, and local statutes and regulations related to solid waste. Therefore the project will comply with federal, state, and local statutes and regulations related to solid waste.				
XVII. N	MANDATORY FINDINGS OF SIGNIFICANCE			
a)	Does the project have the potential to degra substantially reduce the habitat of a fish or v population to drop below self-sustaining leve community, substantially reduce the number endangered plant or animal or eliminate imp California history or prehistory?	vildlife els, thr r or res	species, cause a fish or wildlife eaten to eliminate a plant or animal strict the range of a rare or	
	Potentially Significant Impact		Less than Significant Impact	

Lawson	Valley Road Bridge, 1005222	- 35 -			July 17, 2009
	Less Than Significant With Mitigatio Incorporated	n		No Impact	
Discuss	sion/Explanation:				
The pot or wildlift threater rare or e Californ and V o projects signification avoidan signification evalument this evalument this	than Significant With Mitigation Incomential to degrade the quality of the endies species, cause a fish or wildlife poper to eliminate a plant or animal communication of the property of this form. In addition to project species potential for significant cumulative effort are Biological Resources, and Cultice measures shall be implemented wance. This mitigation is outlined in Section, there is no substantial evidented with this project would result. The is Mandatory Finding of Significance.	vironmoulation unity, rate imped in to ific im fects. tural Rahich re ctions ce tha erefore	nent, sin to drived to drive the respondences of the source of the source of the source of the source, this property and the source of the sou	op below self-sustaining the number or restrict the examples of the major properties to each question in this evaluation consider furces that have been evaluated. However, mitigations these effects to a level of this Initial Study. As mitigation, significant efforoject has been determined.	levels, ne range of a periods of n sections IV ed the aluated as n and below as a result of fects ned not to
, 	Does the project have impacts that ar considerable? ("Cumulatively conside project are considerable when viewed effects of other current projects, and t	rable" I in cor	means	s that the incremental effor with the effects of pas	fects of a t projects, the
	Potentially Significant Impact Less Than Significant With Mitigatio Incorporated	n		Less than Significant In No Impact	npact
Discuss	sion/Explanation:				
FOR AI	I RESPONSES				

The following list of past, present and future projects were considered and evaluated as a part of this Initial Study:

PROJECT NAME	PERMIT/MAP NUMBER
BOUNDARY ADJUSTMENT	03-0234
WHITE TPM 20043	TPM-20043
TPM - CHAVES PROPERTY	TPM-19793

The potential for adverse cumulative effects were considered in the response to each question in sections I through XVI of this form. In addition to project specific impacts, this evaluation considered the projects potential for incremental effects that are cumulatively considerable. As a result of this evaluation, there is no substantial evidence that there are cumulative effects associated with this project. Therefore, this project has been determined not to meet this Mandatory Finding of Significance

Mandatory i maing or Significance.					
c)		Does the project have environmental effects, which will cause substantial adverse effects on human beings, either directly or indirectly?			
		Potentially Significant Impact		Less than Significant Impact	

☐ Less Than Significant With Mitigation ☐ No Impact

Discussion/Explanation:

**No Impact:** The potential for adverse direct or indirect impacts to human beings were considered in the response to certain questions in sections I. Aesthetics, III. Air Quality, VI. Geology and Soils, VII. Hazards and Hazardous Materials, VIII Hydrology and Water Quality XI. Noise, XII. Population and Housing, and XV. Transportation and Traffic. As a result of this evaluation, there is no substantial evidence that there are adverse effects on human beings associated with this project. Therefore, this project has been determined not to meet this Mandatory Finding of Significance.

### XVIII. REFERENCES USED IN THE COMPLETION OF THE INITIAL STUDY CHECKLIST

All references to Federal, State and local regulation are available on the Internet. For Federal regulation refer to <a href="http://www4.law.cornell.edu/uscode/">http://www4.law.cornell.edu/uscode/</a>. For State regulation refer to <a href="http://www.amlegal.com">www.leginfo.ca.gov</a>. For County regulation refer to <a href="http://www.amlegal.com">www.amlegal.com</a>. All other references are available upon request.

#### **AESTHETICS**

- California Street and Highways Code [California Street and Highways Code, Section 260-283. (http://www.leginfo.ca.gov/)
- California Scenic Highway Program, California Streets and Highways Code, Section 260-283. (http://www.dot.ca.gov/hg/LandArch/scenic/scpr.htm)
- County of San Diego, Department of Planning and Land Use. The Zoning Ordinance of San Diego County. Sections 5200-5299; 5700-5799; 5900-5910, 6322-6326. ((www.co.san-diego.ca.us)
- County of San Diego, Board Policy I-73: Hillside Development Policy. (<a href="www.co.san-diego.ca.us">www.co.san-diego.ca.us</a>)
- County of San Diego, Board Policy I-104: Policy and Procedures for Preparation of Community Design Guidelines, Section 396.10 of the County Administrative Code and Section 5750 et seq. of the County Zoning Ordinance. (www.co.san-diego.ca.us)
- County of San Diego, General Plan, Scenic Highway Element VI and Scenic Highway Program. (ceres.ca.gov)
- County of San Diego Light Pollution Code, Title 5, Division 9 (Sections 59.101-59.115 of the County Code of Regulatory Ordinances) as added by Ordinance No 6900, effective January 18, 1985, and amended July 17, 1986 by Ordinance No. 7155. (<a href="https://www.amlegal.com">www.amlegal.com</a>)
- County of San Diego Wireless Communications Ordinance [San Diego County Code of Regulatory Ordinances. (www.amlegal.com)
- Design Review Guidelines for the Communities of San Diego County. (Alpine, Bonsall, Fallbrook, Julian, Lakeside, Ramona, Spring Valley, Sweetwater, Valley Center).
- Federal Communications Commission, Telecommunications Act of 1996 [Telecommunications Act of 1996, Pub. LA. No. 104-104, 110 Stat. 56 (1996). (http://www.fcc.gov/Reports/tcom1996.txt)

- Institution of Lighting Engineers, Guidance Notes for the Reduction of Light Pollution, Warwickshire, UK, 2000 (http://www.dark-skies.org/ile-gd-e.htm)
- International Light Inc., Light Measurement Handbook, 1997. (www.intl-light.com)
- Rensselaer Polytechnic Institute, Lighting Research Center, National Lighting Product Information Program (NLPIP), Lighting Answers, Volume 7, Issue 2, March 2003. (www.lrc.rpi.edu)
- US Census Bureau, Census 2000, Urbanized Area Outline Map, San Diego, CA. (http://www.census.gov/geo/www/maps/ua2kmaps.htm)
- US Department of the Interior, Bureau of Land Management (BLM) modified Visual Management System. (www.blm.gov)
- US Department of Transportation, Federal Highway Administration (FHWA) Visual Impact Assessment for Highway Projects.
- US Department of Transportation, National Highway System Act of 1995 [Title III, Section 304. Design Criteria for the National Highway System.

  (http://www.fhwa.dot.gov/legsregs/nhsdatoc.html)

Visual Impact Assessment, dated May 29, 2009. prepared by Estrada Land Plan, Inc.

#### AGRICULTURE RESOURCES

- California Department of Conservation, Farmland Mapping and Monitoring Program, "A Guide to the Farmland Mapping and Monitoring Program," November 1994. (www.consrv.ca.gov)
- California Department of Conservation, Office of Land Conversion, "California Agricultural Land Evaluation and Site Assessment Model Instruction Manual," 1997. (www.consrv.ca.gov)
- California Farmland Conservancy Program, 1996. (www.consrv.ca.gov)

- California Land Conservation (Williamson) Act, 1965. (www.ceres.ca.gov, www.consrv.ca.gov)
- California Right to Farm Act, as amended 1996. (www.qp.qov.bc.ca)
- County of San Diego Agricultural Enterprises and Consumer Information Ordinance, 1994, Title 6, Division 3, Ch. 4. Sections 63.401-63.408. (<a href="https://www.amlegal.com">www.amlegal.com</a>)
- County of San Diego, Department of Agriculture, Weights and Measures, "2002 Crop Statistics and Annual Report," 2002. (<a href="www.sdcounty.ca.gov">www.sdcounty.ca.gov</a>)
- United States Department of Agriculture, Natural Resource Conservation Service LESA System. (www.nrcs.usda.gov, www.swcs.org).
- United States Department of Agriculture, Soil Survey for the San Diego Area, California. 1973. (soils.usda.gov)

#### **AIR QUALITY**

- CEQA Air Quality Analysis Guidance Handbook, South Coast Air Quality Management District, Revised November 1993. (www.aqmd.gov)
- County of San Diego Air Pollution Control District's Rules and Regulations, updated August 2003. (<a href="www.co.san-diego.ca.us">www.co.san-diego.ca.us</a>)
- Federal Clean Air Act US Code; Title 42; Chapter 85 Subchapter 1. (<u>www4.law.cornell.edu</u>)

#### **BIOLOGY**

- California Department of Fish and Game (CDFG). Southern California Coastal Sage Scrub Natural Community Conservation Planning Process Guidelines. CDFG and California Resources Agency, Sacramento, California. 1993. (www.dfg.ca.gov)
- County of San Diego, An Ordinance Amending the San Diego County Code to Establish a Process for Issuance of the Coastal Sage Scrub Habitat Loss Permits and Declaring the Urgency Thereof to Take Effect Immediately, Ordinance No. 8365. 1994, Title 8, Div 6, Ch. 1. Sections 86.101-86.105, 87.202.2. (www.amlegal.com)
- County of San Diego, Biological Mitigation Ordinance, Ord. Nos. 8845, 9246, 1998 (new series). (<a href="www.co.san-diego.ca.us">www.co.san-diego.ca.us</a>)
- County of San Diego, Implementing Agreement by and between United States Fish and Wildlife Service, California Department of Fish and Game and County of San Diego. County of San Diego, Multiple Species Conservation Program, 1998.
- County of San Diego, Multiple Species Conservation Program, County of San Diego Subarea Plan, 1997.
- Holland, R.R. Preliminary Descriptions of the Terrestrial Natural Communities of California. State of California, Resources Agency, Department of Fish and Game, Sacramento, California, 1986.
- Memorandum of Understanding [Agreement Between United States Fish and Wildlife Service (USFWS), California Department of Fish and Game (CDFG), California Department of Forestry and Fire Protection (CDF), San Diego County Fire Chief's Association and the Fire District's Association of San Diego County.
- Natural Environmental Study for the Lawson Valley Road Bridge Project, dated June 2009. Prepared by

URS.

- Stanislaus Audubon Society, Inc. v County of Stanislaus (5<sup>th</sup> Dist. 1995) 33 Cal.App.4<sup>th</sup> 144, 155-159 [39 Cal. Rptr.2d 54]. (www.ceres.ca.gov)
- U.S. Army Corps of Engineers Environmental Laboratory.
  Corps of Engineers Wetlands Delineation Manual. U.S.
  Army Corps of Engineers, Wetlands Research Program
  Technical Report Y-87-1. 1987.
  (http://www.wes.army.mil/)
- U.S. Environmental Protection Agency. America's wetlands: our vital link between land and water. Office of Water, Office of Wetlands, Oceans and Watersheds. EPA843-K-95-001. 1995b. (www.epa.gov)
- U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service and National Marine Fisheries Service. Habitat Conservation Planning Handbook. Department of Interior, Washington, D.C. 1996. (endangered.fws.gov)
- U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service and National Marine Fisheries Service. Consultation Handbook: Procedures for Conducting Consultation and Conference Activities Under Section 7 of the Endangered Species Act. Department of Interior, Washington, D.C. 1998. (endangered.fws.gov)
- U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service. Environmental Assessment and Land Protection Plan for the Vernal Pools Stewardship Project. Portland, Oregon. 1997.
- U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service. Vernal Pools of Southern California Recovery Plan. U.S. Department of Interior, Fish and Wildlife Service, Region One, Portland, Oregon, 1998. (ecos.fws.gov)
- U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service. Birds of conservation concern 2002. Division of Migratory. 2002. (<u>migratorybirds.fws.gov</u>)

#### **CULTURAL RESOURCES**

- Archeological Evaluation Report for CA-SDI-16,648 within the Lawson Valley Road Bridge Replacement Project, San Diego County, California. Dated May 14, 2009. Prepared by Recon Environmental Inc.
- Archeological Survey for the Lawson Valley Road Bridge Replacement Project, San Diego County, CA. Dated May 14, 2009. Prepared by Recon Environmental Inc.
- California Health & Safety Code. §18950-18961, State Historic Building Code. (<a href="www.leginfo.ca.gov">www.leginfo.ca.gov</a>)
- California Health & Safety Code. §5020-5029, Historical Resources. (www.leginfo.ca.gov)
- California Health & Safety Code. §7050.5, Human Remains. (www.leginfo.ca.gov)
- California Native American Graves Protection and Repatriation Act, (AB 978), 2001. (<a href="www.leginfo.ca.gov">www.leginfo.ca.gov</a>)
- California Public Resources Code §5024.1, Register of Historical Resources. (<a href="www.leginfo.ca.gov">www.leginfo.ca.gov</a>)
- California Public Resources Code. §5031-5033, State Landmarks. (www.leginfo.ca.gov)
- California Public Resources Code. §5097-5097.6, Archaeological, Paleontological, and Historic Sites. (www.leginfo.ca.gov)
- California Public Resources Code. §5097.9-5097.991, Native American Heritage. (<u>www.leginfo.ca.gov</u>)

- City of San Diego. Paleontological Guidelines. (revised) August 1998.
- County of San Diego, Local Register of Historical Resources (Ordinance 9493), 2002. (<a href="https://www.co.san-diego.ca.us">www.co.san-diego.ca.us</a>)
- Demere, Thomas A., and Stephen L. Walsh. Paleontological Resources San Diego County. Department of Paleontology, San Diego Natural History Museum. 1994.
- Moore, Ellen J. Fossil Mollusks of San Diego County. San Diego Society of Natural history. Occasional; Paper 15. 1968.
- U.S. Code including: American Antiquities Act (16 USC §431-433) 1906. Historic Sites, Buildings, and Antiquities Act (16 USC §461-467), 1935. Reservoir Salvage Act (16 USC §469-469c) 1960. Department of Transportation Act (49 USC §303) 1966. National Historic Preservation Act (16 USC §470 et seq.) 1966. National Environmental Policy Act (42 USC §4321) 1969. Coastal Zone Management Act (16 USC §1451) 1972. National Marine Sanctuaries Act (16 USC §1431) 1972. Archaeological and Historical Preservation Act (16 USC §469-469c) 1974. Federal Land Policy and Management Act (43 USC §35) 1976. American Indian Religious Freedom Act (42 USC §1996 and 1996a) 1978. Archaeological Resources Protection Act (16 USC §470aa-mm) 1979. Native American Graves Protection and Repatriation Act (25 USC §3001-3013) 1990. Intermodal Surface Transportation Efficiency Act (23 USC §101, 109) 1991. American Battlefield Protection Act (16 USC 469k) 1996. (www4.law.cornell.edu)

#### **GEOLOGY & SOILS**

- California Department of Conservation, Division of Mines and Geology, California Alquist-Priolo Earthquake Fault Zoning Act, Special Publication 42, Revised 1997. (www.consrv.ca.gov)
- California Department of Conservation, Division of Mines and Geology, Fault-Rupture Hazard Zones in California, Special Publication 42, revised 1997. (<a href="https://www.consrv.ca.gov">www.consrv.ca.gov</a>)
- California Department of Conservation, Division of Mines and Geology, Special Publication 117, Guidelines for Evaluating and Mitigating Seismic Hazards in California, 1997. (<a href="https://www.consrv.ca.gov">www.consrv.ca.gov</a>)
- County of San Diego Code of Regulatory Ordinances Title 6, Division 8, Chapter 3, Septic Ranks and Seepage Pits. (www.amlegal.com)
- County of San Diego Department of Environmental Health, Land and Water Quality Division, February 2002. On-site Wastewater Systems (Septic Systems): Permitting Process and Design Criteria. (www.sdcounty.ca.gov)
- County of San Diego Natural Resource Inventory, Section 3, Geology.
- United States Department of Agriculture, Soil Survey for the San Diego Area, California. 1973. (soils.usda.gov)

# **HAZARDS & HAZARDOUS MATERIALS**

- American Planning Association, Zoning News, "Saving Homes from Wildfires: Regulating the Home Ignition Zone," May 2001.
- California Building Code (CBC), Seismic Requirements, Chapter 16 Section 162. (<a href="www.buildersbook.com">www.buildersbook.com</a>)
- California Education Code, Section 17215 and 81033.

#### (www.leginfo.ca.gov)

- California Government Code. § 8585-8589, Emergency Services Act. (www.leginfo.ca.gov)
- California Hazardous Waste and Substances Site List. April 1998. (www.dtsc.ca.gov)
- California Health & Safety Code Chapter 6.95 and §25117 and §25316. (www.leginfo.ca.gov)
- California Health & Safety Code § 2000-2067. (www.leginfo.ca.gov)
- California Health & Safety Code. §17922.2. Hazardous Buildings. (www.leginfo.ca.gov)
- California Public Utilities Code, SDCRAA. Public Utilities Code, Division 17, Sections 170000-170084. (www.leginfo.ca.gov)
- California Resources Agency, "OES Dam Failure Inundation Mapping and Emergency Procedures Program", 1996. (ceres.ca.gov)
- County of San Diego, Consolidated Fire Code Health and Safety Code §13869.7, including Ordinances of the 17 Fire Protection Districts as Ratified by the San Diego County Board of Supervisors, First Edition, October 17, 2001 and Amendments to the Fire Code portion of the State Building Standards Code, 1998 Edition.
- County of San Diego, Department of Environmental Health Community Health Division Vector Surveillance and Control. Annual Report for Calendar Year 2002. March 2003. (www.sdcounty.ca.gov)
- County of San Diego, Department of Environmental Health, Hazardous Materials Division. California Accidental Release Prevention Program (CalARP) Guidelines. (http://www.sdcounty.ca.gov/, www.oes.ca.gov)
- County of San Diego, Department of Environmental Health, Hazardous Materials Division. Hazardous Materials Business Plan Guidelines. (www.sdcounty.ca.gov)
- County of San Diego Code of Regulatory Ordinances, Title 3, Div 5, CH. 3, Section 35.39100.030, Wildland/Urban Interface Ordinance, Ord. No.9111, 2000. (www.amlegal.com)
- Robert T. Stafford Disaster Relief and Emergency
  Assistance Act as amended October 30, 2000, US Code,
  Title 42, Chapter 68, 5121, et seq.
  (www4.law.cornell.edu)
- Unified San Diego County Emergency Services Organization Operational Area Emergency Plan, March 2000.
- Unified San Diego County Emergency Services Organization Operational Area Energy Shortage Response Plan, June 1995
- Uniform Building Code. (www.buildersbook.com)
- Uniform Fire Code 1997 edition published by the Western Fire Chiefs Association and the International Conference of Building Officials, and the National Fire Protection Association Standards 13 &13-D, 1996 Edition, and 13-R, 1996 Edition. (www.buildersbook.com)

## **HYDROLOGY & WATER QUALITY**

American Planning Association, Planning Advisory Service Report Number 476 Non-point Source Pollution: A Handbook for Local Government

- California Department of Water Resources, California Water Plan Update. Sacramento: Dept. of Water Resources State of California. 1998. (<a href="rubicon.water.ca.gov">rubicon.water.ca.gov</a>)
- California Department of Water Resources, California's Groundwater Update 2003 Bulletin 118, April 2003. (www.groundwater.water.ca.gov)
- California Department of Water Resources, Water Facts, No. 8, August 2000. (<a href="https://www.dpla2.water.ca.gov">www.dpla2.water.ca.gov</a>)
- California Disaster Assistance Act. Government Code, § 8680-8692. (<a href="https://www.leginfo.ca.gov">www.leginfo.ca.gov</a>)
- California State Water Resources Control Board, NPDES General Permit Nos. CAS000001 INDUSTRIAL ACTIVITIES (97-03-DWQ) and CAS000002 Construction Activities (No. 99-08-DWQ) (www.swrcb.ca.gov)
- California Storm Water Quality Association, California Storm Water Best Management Practice Handbooks, 2003.
- California Water Code, Sections 10754, 13282, and 60000 et seq. (www.leginfo.ca.gov)
- Colorado River Basin Regional Water Quality Control Board, Region 7, Water Quality Control Plan. (www.swrcb.ca.gov)
- County of San Diego Regulatory Ordinance, Title 8, Division 7, Grading Ordinance. Grading, Clearing and Watercourses. (www.amlegal.com)
- County of San Diego, Groundwater Ordinance. #7994. (www.sdcounty.ca.gov, http://www.amlegal.com/,)
- County of San Diego, Project Clean Water Strategic Plan, 2002. (<a href="https://www.projectcleanwater.org">www.projectcleanwater.org</a>)
- County of San Diego, Watershed Protection, Storm Water Management, and Discharge Control Ordinance, Ordinance Nos. 9424 and 9426. Chapter 8, Division 7, Title 6 of the San Diego County Code of Regulatory Ordinances and amendments. (<a href="https://www.amlegal.com">www.amlegal.com</a>)
- County of San Diego. Board of Supervisors Policy I-68. Diego Proposed Projects in Flood Plains with Defined Floodways. (<a href="https://www.co.san-diego.ca.us">www.co.san-diego.ca.us</a>)
- Federal Water Pollution Control Act (Clean Water Act), 1972, Title 33, Ch.26, Sub-Ch.1. (www4.law.cornell.edu)
- Freeze, Allan and Cherry, John A., Groundwater, Prentice-Hall, Inc. New Jersey, 1979.
- Heath, Ralph C., Basic Ground-Water Hydrology, United States Geological Survey Water-Supply Paper; 2220, 1991.
- National Flood Insurance Act of 1968. (www.fema.gov)
- National Flood Insurance Reform Act of 1994. (www.fema.gov)
- Porter-Cologne Water Quality Control Act, California Water Code Division 7. Water Quality. (ceres.ca.gov)
- San Diego Association of Governments, Water Quality Element, Regional Growth Management Strategy, 1997. (www.sandag.org
- San Diego Regional Water Quality Control Board, NPDES Permit No. CAS0108758. (www.swrcb.ca.gov)
- San Diego Regional Water Quality Control Board, Water Quality Control Plan for the San Diego Basin. (www.swrcb.ca.gov)

Water Quality Report for the Lawson Valley Road Bridge Project dated March 17, 2009. Prepared by Nolte Associates, Inc.

#### **LAND USE & PLANNING**

- California Department of Conservation Division of Mines and Geology, Open File Report 96-04, Update of Mineral Land Classification: Aggregate Materials in the Western San Diego County Production Consumption Region, 1996. (www.consrv.ca.gov)
- California Environmental Quality Act, CEQA Guidelines, 2003. (ceres.ca.gov)
- California Environmental Quality Act, Public Resources Code 21000-21178; California Code of Regulations, Guidelines for Implementation of CEQA, Appendix G, Title 14, Chapter 3, §15000-15387. (www.leginfo.ca.gov)
- California General Plan Glossary of Terms, 2001. (ceres.ca.gov)
- California State Mining and Geology Board, SP 51, California Surface Mining and Reclamation Policies and Procedures, January 2000. (<a href="www.consrv.ca.gov">www.consrv.ca.gov</a>)
- County of San Diego Code of Regulatory Ordinances, Title 8, Zoning and Land Use Regulations. (<a href="www.amlegal.com">www.amlegal.com</a>)
- County of San Diego, Board of Supervisors Policy I-84: Project Facility. (<u>www.sdcounty.ca.gov</u>)
- County of San Diego, Board Policy I-38, as amended 1989. (www.sdcounty.ca.gov)
- County of San Diego, Department of Planning and Land Use. The Zoning Ordinance of San Diego County. (www.co.san-diego.ca.us)
- County of San Diego, General Plan as adopted and amended from September 29, 1971 to April 5, 2000. (ceres.ca.gov)
- County of San Diego. Resource Protection Ordinance, compilation of Ord.Nos. 7968, 7739, 7685 and 7631. 1991.
- Design Review Guidelines for the Communities of San Diego County.
- Guide to the California Environmental Quality Act (CEQA) by Michael H. Remy, Tina A. Thomas, James G. Moore, and Whitman F. Manley, Point Arena, CA: Solano Press Books, 1999. (ceres.ca.gov)

#### MINERAL RESOURCES

- National Environmental Policy Act, Title 42, 36.401 et. seq. 1969. (www4.law.cornell.edu)
- Subdivision Map Act, 2003. (ceres.ca.gov)
- U.S. Geologic Survey, Causey, J. Douglas, 1998, MAS/MILS Mineral Location Database.
- U.S. Geologic Survey, Frank, David G., 1999, (MRDS) Mineral Resource Data System.

#### NOISE

- California State Building Code, Part 2, Title 24, CCR, Appendix Chapter 3, Sound Transmission Control, 1988. . (www.buildersbook.com)
- County of San Diego Code of Regulatory Ordinances, Title 3, Div 6, Chapter 4, Noise Abatement and Control, effective February 4, 1982. (<a href="www.amlegal.com">www.amlegal.com</a>)

- County of San Diego General Plan, Part VIII, Noise Element, effective December 17, 1980. (ceres.ca.gov)
- Federal Aviation Administration, Federal Aviation Regulations, Part 150 Airport Noise Compatibility Planning (revised January 18, 1985). (<a href="http://www.access.gpo.gov/">http://www.access.gpo.gov/</a>)
- Harris Miller Miller and Hanson Inc., *Transit Noise and Vibration Impact Assessment*, April 1995. (http://ntl.bts.gov/data/rail05/rail05.html)
- International Standard Organization (ISO), ISO 362; ISO 1996 1-3; ISO 3095; and ISO 3740-3747. (www.iso.ch)
- U.S. Department of Transportation, Federal Highway Administration, Office of Environment and Planning, Noise and Air Quality Branch. "Highway Traffic Noise Analysis and Abatement Policy and Guidance," Washington, D.C., June 1995. (http://www.fhwa.dot.gov/)

#### **POPULATION & HOUSING**

- Housing and Community Development Act of 1974, 42 USC 5309, Title 42--The Public Health And Welfare, Chapter 69--Community Development, United States Congress, August 22, 1974. (<a href="https://www4.law.cornell.edu">www4.law.cornell.edu</a>)
- National Housing Act (Cranston-Gonzales), Title 12, Ch. 13. (www4.law.cornell.edu)
- San Diego Association of Governments Population and Housing Estimates, November 2000. (<a href="www.sandag.org">www.sandag.org</a>)
- US Census Bureau, Census 2000. (http://www.census.gov/)

#### **RECREATION**

County of San Diego Code of Regulatory Ordinances, Title 8, Division 10, Chapter PLDO, §810.101 et seq. Park Lands Dedication Ordinance. (www.amlegal.com)

## TRANSPORTATION/TRAFFIC

- California Aeronautics Act, Public Utilities Code, Section 21001 et seg. (www.leginfo.ca.gov)
- California Department of Transportation, Division of Aeronautics, California Airport Land Use Planning Handbook, January 2002.
- California Department of Transportation, Environmental Program Environmental Engineering Noise, Air Quality, and Hazardous Waste Management Office. "Traffic Noise Analysis Protocol for New Highway Construction and Reconstruction Projects," October 1998. (www.dot.ca.gov)
- California Public Utilities Code, SDCRAA. Public Utilities Code, Division 17, Sections 170000-170084. (www.leginfo.ca.gov)
- California Street and Highways Code. California Street and Highways Code, Section 260-283. (<a href="www.leginfo.ca.gov">www.leginfo.ca.gov</a>)
- County of San Diego, Alternative Fee Schedules with Pass-By Trips Addendum to Transportation Impact Fee Reports, March 2005. (http://www.sdcounty.ca.gov/dpw/land/pdf/TransImpactFee/attacha.pdf)
- County of San Diego Transportation Impact Fee Report.

  January 2005. (<a href="http://www.sdcounty.ca.gov/dpw/permits-forms/manuals.html">http://www.sdcounty.ca.gov/dpw/permits-forms/manuals.html</a>)
- Fallbrook & Ramona Transportation Impact Fee Report, County of San Diego, January 2005.

- (http://www.sdcounty.ca.gov/dpw/permits-forms/manuals.html)
- Office of Planning, Federal Transit Administration, Transit Noise and Vibration Impact Assessment, Final Report, April 1995.
- San Diego Association of Governments, 2020 Regional Transportation Plan. Prepared by the San Diego Association of Governments. (<a href="www.sandag.org">www.sandag.org</a>)
- San Diego Association of Governments, Comprehensive Land Use Plan for Borrego Valley Airport (1986), Brown Field (1995), Fallbrook Community Airpark (1991), Gillespie Field (1989), McClellan-Palomar Airport (1994). (www.sandag.org)
- US Code of Federal Regulations, Federal Aviation Regulations (FAR), Objects Affecting Navigable Airspace, Title 14, Chapter 1, Part 77. (www.gpoaccess.gov)

#### **UTILITIES & SERVICE SYSTEMS**

- California Code of Regulations (CCR), Title 14. Natural Resources Division, CIWMB Division 7; and Title 27, Environmental Protection Division 2, Solid Waste. (ccr.oal.ca.gov)
- California Integrated Waste Management Act. Public Resources Code, Division 30, Waste Management, Sections 40000-41956. (<a href="www.leginfo.ca.gov">www.leginfo.ca.gov</a>)
- County of San Diego, Board of Supervisors Policy I-78: Small Wastewater. (www.sdcounty.ca.gov)
- Unified San Diego County Emergency Services Organization Annex T Emergency Water Contingencies, October 1992. (www.co.san-diego.ca.us)
- United States Department of Agriculture, Natural Resource Conservation Service LESA System.
- United States Department of Agriculture, Soil Survey for the San Diego Area, California. 1973.
- US Census Bureau, Census 2000.
- US Code of Federal Regulations, Federal Aviation Regulations (FAR), Objects Affecting Navigable Airspace, Title 14, Chapter 1, Part 77.
- US Department of the Interior, Bureau of Land Management (BLM) modified Visual Management System.
- US Department of Transportation, Federal Highway Administration (FHWA) Visual Impact Assessment for Highway Projects.